Electronic Raman Response in Electron-Doped Cuprate Superconductors

Zhihao Geng and Shiping Feng

Department of Physics, Beijing Normal University, Beijing 100875, China

The electronic Raman response in the electron-doped cuprate superconductors is studied based on the kinetic energy driven superconducting mechanism¹. It is shown that although the domelike shape of the doping dependent peak energy in the B_{2g} symmetry is a common feature for both electron-doped and hole-doped cuprate superconductors², there are pronounced deviations from a cubic response in the B_{1g} channel and a linear response in the B_{2g} channel for the electron-doped case in the low energy limit. It is also shown that these pronounced deviations are mainly caused by a nonmonotonic d-wave gap in the electron-doped cuprate superconductors³.

¹Shiping Feng, Phys. Rev. B **68**, 184501 (2003); Shiping Feng, Tianxing Ma, and Huaiming Guo, Physica C **436**, 14 (2006).

²Zhihao Geng and Shiping Feng, Physics Letters A **375**, 214 (2010).

³Zhihao Geng and Shiping Feng, arXiv:cond-mat/1103.2228.