## Inhomogeneity of Superconductivity and Stripe Correlations in the Overdoped Regime of La<sub>2-x</sub>Sr<sub>x</sub>CuO<sub>4</sub> at $x \sim 0.21$

M.  $Miyazaki^a$ , T. Adachi<sup>a</sup>, Y. Tanabe<sup>a</sup>, H. Sato<sup>a</sup>, K. Kudo<sup>b</sup>, T. Nishizaki<sup>b</sup>, T. Sasaki<sup>b</sup>, N. Kobayashi<sup>b</sup>, and Y. Koike<sup>a</sup>

 $^a$ Department of Applied Physics, Graduate School of engineering, Tohoku University, Sendai, Japan  $^b$ Institute for Materials Research, Tohoku University, Sendai, Japan

With the aim at investigating the relationship between the anomalous decrease in  $T_{\rm c}$ , development of the Cu-spin correlation<sup>2</sup> and the inhomogeneity of superconductivity<sup>3</sup> in the overdoped regime of  ${\rm La_{2-x}Sr_xCuO_4}$  at  $x\sim 0.21$ , we have investigated the transport and magnetic properties. It has been found that the temperature dependence of the magnetic susceptibility shows a plateau and the magnetization curve shows the so-called second peak in the superconducting (SC) state at  $x\sim 0.21$ , both of which are due to the strong vortex pinning in the normal-state regions in the inhomogeneous SC state.<sup>4</sup> On the other hand, the ab-plane electrical resistivity under magnetic field has revealed that the SC transition curve shifts to the low-temperature side in parallel with increasing field above  $\sim 10$  T at  $x\sim 0.21$ , which is similar to that observed at  $x\sim 1/8$  where the so-called stripe correlations are developed. Accordingly, it is possible that the stripe correlations are developed under the nano-scale inhomogeneity of superconductivity at  $x\sim 0.21$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>N. Kakinuma et al., Phys. Rev. B **59**, 1491 (1999). <sup>2</sup>I. Watanabe et al., unpublished.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Y. Tanabe *et al.*, J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. **74**, 2893 (2005). <sup>4</sup>Y. Tanabe *et al.*, J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. **76**, 113706 (2007).