

Low-Temperature Heat Transport in the Quasi-Two-Dimensional Multiferroic CuFeO_2

X. M. Wang, C. Fan, Z. Y. Zhao, W. P. Ke, X. G. Liu, and X. F. Sun

Hefei National Laboratory for Physical Sciences at Microscale, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, Anhui, China

The delafossite-type CuFeO_2 , belonging to the space group $R\bar{3}m$, has geometrically frustrated antiferromagnetic structure due to its layered triangular lattices of high-spin Fe^{3+} ions. In zero magnetic field, Fe^{3+} ions in ab plane form an Ising-like four-sublattice (4SL) antiferromagnetic ordering at low temperature. In applied magnetic field along the c axis, CuFeO_2 exhibits complex phase transitions. Especially, it shows a ferroelectric incommensurate (FEIC) phase and presents multiferroicity.^{1,2}

We report a study of the low-temperature heat transport of CuFeO_2 single crystals. It is found that the zero-field $\kappa(T)$ shows a “dip”-like feature at ~ 11 K, which is related to the transition from the partially disordered phase to the 4SL state. The $\kappa(H)$ isotherms for $H \parallel c$ show a drastic suppression at 7 T and a step-like increase at 13 T, which corresponds to the transition from the 4SL phase to the FEIC phase and then to the five-sublattice (5SL) phase, respectively. Moreover, the $\kappa(H)$ shows irreversible behaviors at 7 T and 13 T because of the first order of these transitions.

¹S. Seki *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **105**, 097207 (2010).

²Randy S. Fishman, Phys. Rev. Lett. **106**, 037206 (2011).