

## Bond randomness in the frustrated spin ladder $\text{Sul-Cu}_2(\text{Cl}_{1-x}\text{Br}_x)_4$

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We study the effect of bond randomness on the magnetic and thermodynamic properties of a geometrically frustrated  $S = 1/2$  quantum spin ladder  $\text{Sul-Cu}_2\text{Cl}_4$ . The pure system is a gapped quantum spin liquid that in a magnetic field  $H_c = 3.75$  T experiences a quantum phase transition to an ordered helimagnetic state [1]. Bond disorder is implemented by substituting chlorine for bromine on the non-magnetic halogen site in  $\text{Sul-Cu}_2(\text{Cl}_{1-x}\text{Br}_x)_4$ . Materials with  $x < 0.1$  retain the original crystal structure but show quite different properties in applied fields. The main result is that for  $x$  as low as  $x = 0.0025$ , the field-induced long-range ordering is disrupted. Instead, at  $H_c$  one observes a crossover to a short-range ordered state. A new regime or phase is detected at  $T > 0$ , just below  $H_c$ . The extreme sensitivity to disorder is linked to the incommensurate nature of field-induced magnetic order in the parent compound. A novel mechanism for disorder in weakly-coupled one dimensional incommensurate systems is proposed.

[1] V. O. Garlea *et. al.*, Phys. Rev. B **79**, 060404(R) (2009).