## Magnetization Process near the Curie Temperature of an Itinerant Ferromagnet CoS<sub>2</sub>

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The field dependence of the magnetization of an itinerant ferromagnet close to the Curie temperature has received considerable interests recently in relation to the theory by Takahashi for a weakly ferromagnetic itinerant electron system<sup>1</sup>. Experiments have been reported for ferromagnetic Heusler alloys, where the critical index delta has been observed to be nearly 5.0 for strongly ferromagnetic cases of Ni<sub>2</sub>MnGa and Co<sub>2</sub>CrGa rather than weakly ferromagnetic cases of Co<sub>2</sub>TiGa and Co<sub>2</sub>VGa<sup>2</sup>. In this report, experimental results are presented for a typical itinerant ferromagnet, CoS<sub>2</sub> with a ferromagnetic moment of 0.85 Bohr magneton and a Curie temperature of 120 K up to an applied field of 50 kOe. The critical index delta has been obtained to be 5.0. The result is described by the theory by Takahashi rather than by a conventional molecular field theory. A reliable method is proposed for determining the Curie temperature of a ferromagnetic material using M<sup>4</sup> versus H/M plot rather than a conventional Arrot plot.

<sup>1</sup>Y. Takahashi, J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. **55**, 3553 (1986), Y. Takahashi, J. Phys.: Condense. Matter **13**, 6323 (2001).

<sup>2</sup>H Nishihara, Y Furutani, T Wada, T Kanomata, K Kobayashi, R Kainuma, K. Ishida, T Yamauchi, Journal of Superconductivity and Novel Magnetism **24** (2010) 679 and references therein.