

Theory of quantum spin ice for realistic magnetic pyrochlore oxides

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Recent experimental observations of quantum effects in variants of classical spin ice have urged intensive and extensive theoretical studies. Here, we derive a realistic quantum pseudospin-1/2 model for magnetic pyrochlore oxides characterized by Kramers/non-Kramers magnetic doublets of rare-earth ions, including Pr_2TMO_7 ($TM = \text{Zr}, \text{Sn}, \text{Hf}, \text{Ir}$) and Yb_2TMO_7 ($TM = \text{Ti}, \text{Sn}$). It contains three/two quantum-mechanical nearest-neighbor coupling constants of the superexchange origin, which appreciably reduce the symmetry of the model from $U(1)$. Then, the model is investigated both analytically and numerically in comparison with experimental findings on the neutron-scattering profile and the magnetization curve. Various non-trivial quantum phases are found within a realistic range of the coupling constants, including an emergent $U(1)$ spin liquid and dipole/quadrupolar orders. Role of quantum effects on magnetic monopoles are also discussed.